

Lesson – 8 The church is Apostolic.

Question and answers.

Q1. Who establish the church?

Ans. The catholic church was established by Jesus some 2000years ago.

Q2. What are the four marks of the Church?

Ans. The church has its own trade mark or worldwide marks namely “ One , Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic church.

Q3. The Catholic Church is apostolic in three ways. Which are they?

Ans. The three ways, of the church is apostolic are a). Apostolic Foundation .b) Deposit of Faith. c) Apostolic Succession.

Q4. Who are the Apostles? What does the word apostle mean?

Ans. The Apostles are the twelve disciples that Jesus chose and trained to preach , to heal,and to cast out devils. The word Apostle means a person sent, on a special mission.

Q5. Why do we say the Church is built on the foundation of the Apostles?

Ans. The Apostles founded the Churches, where ever they went and the disciples that we have today is built on the foundation of the Apostles.

Q6. Which are the two disciples who are believed to have come to India?

Ans. St. Thomas and St. Bartholomew are the two disciples who are believed to have come to India.

Q.7 How did we receive the deposit of faith?

Ans. We received the deposit of faith by the apostles with the help of the Holy spirit.

Q 8 Is the deposit of faith different from place to place?

Ans. The deposit of faith is the same from place to place.

Q9. What is apostolic succession and where it is more visivble?

Ans. Today the Pope is called the successor of St. Peter and the Bishops are the successors of the Apostles this is known as Apostolic succession. This is more visible in the laying of the hands by the Bishops on the priests during ordination and on those who receive confirmation.

Lesson -9.Respect for other Religions.

Question and answers.

Q1. Why do people say that religious diversity is one of the most important characteristics of India?

Ans. Religious diversity in India has a significant difference in religious beliefs and practices we live in a nation which is known as for its diversity of religious.

Q2. Which is religious tolerance?

Ans. Religious tolerance refers to the ability to appreciate spiritual values beliefs and practices which are different from our own.

Q3. What is the Golden Rule or Ethic of Reciprocity?

Ans. The word of Jesus whatever you wish that men would do to you, do so to them or Do not treat people in a way you would not wish to be treated yourself is known to today as the Golden Rule or the Ethic of Reciprocity.

Q4.Which are some ways and means to develop a spirit of respect and tolerance towards other religious?

Ans. Ways and means to develop a spirit of respect and tolerance towards other religious are

1. Known your own Religion and spiritual values.
2. Known other Religious and their spiritual values.
3. Some difference between religious can never be changed.

Lesson -10 St. Thomas the Apostle of India.

Question and answers.

Q 1. Who is considered the Apostle of India? Why?

Ans. St. Thomas considered the Apostle of India. He is believed to have preached and established seven Church in India.

Q 2. Where in India did St. Thomas preach the Gospel?

Ans. St. Thomas preached the Gospel all along the Malabar Coast and in Madras (Chennai).

Q3. At present where is the tomb of St. Thomas in India?

Ans. The tomb of St. Thomas is in San Thom Church at Madras Mylapore.

Q4. When do we celebrate the solemnity of St. Thomas?

Ans. The solemnity of St. Thomas is celebrated on the 3rd of July.

Lesson -11.St. Francis Xavier patron of the Missions.

Question and answers.

Q1. Who is the greatest missionary in the history of the Church?

Ans. In the history of the Church the greatest Missionary that ever lived is St. Paul.

Q2. Who is considered as the Great Missionary to Asia? Why?

Ans. St Francis Xavier is said to be the Greatest Missionary to Asia. He took up many missionary works and journeys and died in China.

Q3. Who converted St. Francis Xavier and how?

Ans. St. Ignatius of Loyola Converted St. Francis Xavier by repeatedly saying what does it profit a man if he gains the whole world but loses his own soul.

Q4. Where in India did St. Francis Xavier preach the Good News and how did he do it?

Ans. St Francis Xavier started preaching and baptizing people in Goa Holding a crucifix in one hand going round the streets ringing a bell for enough people to gather.

Q5. How does St. Francis Xavier continue to preach and evangelize people?

Ans. St. Francis Xavier continues to preach and evangelize people through his incorrupt body.

Q6. When do we celebrate the solemnity of St. Francis Xavier?

Ans. We celebrate the solemnity of St. Francis Xavier on 3rd of December.