

Programme and Achievements of Early Nationalists.

Ans- i) 1885 - 1905

ii) Dadabhai Naoroji, Gopal Krishna Gokhale,
Surendranath Banerjee.

2. because :-

* Many of them were educated in England, and felt that the British are just and honest to Indians.

* They believed that England would help them govern themselves according to British standard.

3. * They held meetings, gave speeches and passed resolutions for popular demands

* They made use of three P's - petitions, prayers, protest.

4. * They believe in the sense of justice, fair play, honesty and integrity of the British.

* They believed that the British rule would benefit Indians.

5. Illiteracy, social and economical backwardness of the Indians.

Home rule or "Swarajya" within the British Empire, like in the colonies of Canada and Australia

- 6. i) Freedom of speech and press
- ii) The restriction on the right to assemble and form association.

- 7. i) Reduction in the land revenue and protection of peasants, against unjust of Zamindars
- ii) Protection of the peasants from money-lenders - by giving chief credit through agricultural bank.

- 8. i) Increase in the membership of Indians in legislative assemblies and legislative council both at the Centre and province.

- ii) Home rule or 'swarajya' within the British empire like in Canada and Australia.

- 9. i) Reduction in the expenditures on the army and the money thus saved to be spent on the welfare activities such as health and education.

- ii) Reduction in the land revenue, and protection of peasants.

- 10. i) Trade protection by imposing heavy tax on imported goods.

- ii) Provide loan for the development of

iron, Coals, paper and sugar industry.

11. Exposed the true nature of the British rule in India and weakens its foundations in India.

Through the use of Swadeshi and Boycott movement they managed to hurt the British economic interest.

12. * Their influence was only on the educated and urban people.

* They did not had the influence over the mass of the people. They were soft towards British.

13. Dadabhai Naoroji was the unofficial ambassador.

As a member of British House of Commons in England, he highlighted the Indians problem and important matters related to Indians.

14. Dadabhai Naoroji.

Surendranath Banerjee passed the first Indian civil service exam.

15. Arms and vernacular press act,

16. * He forced the British to reduce the land tax.

* He also work hard in reduction in the toll tax.